

# **SUSTAINABLE** PLACES 2021

# Long term monitoring strategies for increasing EPCs reliability

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# **Actual EPCs barriers and limitations**



The implementation of energy performance certificates (EPCs) varies significantly across EU in terms of scope and available information, resulting in **limited**:

- reliability;
- compliance;
- market penetration;
- acceptance by users.







# **EPCs improvement process**







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**Topic:** LC-SC3-EE-5-2018-2019-2020 - Next-generation of Energy Performance Assessment and Certification





# **EPC RECAST consortium**



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# **EPC RECAST project**



EPC RECAST pert chart. Source: EPC Recast Grant Agreement







# **Objectives of WP3**



- Define **testing and evaluation strategies** for the demonstrations;
- Define **KPIs** to evaluate the demonstrations;
- Develop required **training materials** for the EPC assessors;
- Test the next-generation EPC on selected pilot buildings / households in 6 EU countries: FR, SP, IT, DE, SL and LUX.







# **Testing and evaluation strategy**



To validate results of the new EPCs, the authenticity of energy consumption reported in EPC must be verified through a **long-term monitoring**.







# **Data collection resolution**



- **Spot measurement**: these only last for a short time, up to one day of operation. They are useful to instantaneously detect the value of a metric or to quickly check the functioning of a subsystem
- Short-time measurement: short-term monitoring is carried out to check the profile of metrics that vary with time. They are usually week or month-based and can be applied in a sub-metering or whole building metering approach
- Long-time measurement: this type refers to measurements spanning for more than one year. Long-term measurements are used to assess metrics that are influenced by variations in weather, occupants' behaviour or other operating conditions. Quite often the installation is permanent and usually applied in a whole building metering approach.





# Main steps of the M&V process



	PLANNING
1	Set monitoring goals
2	Collect building data
3	Identify boundaries
4	Identify suitable sensors and data acquisition system
	INSTALLATION
5	Assess technical feasibility
6	Final plan and installation
	OPERATION
7	Data quality check
8	Data post-processing
9	Reporting





# **Data monitoring**



Vector	System	Values to monitor		
	Radiators	ΔT = °C Schedule = h		
HEATING	Floor heating	ΔT = °C Mass flow rate = m³/s Schedule = h		
	Electrical air conditioner	Power=kW Schedule = h Efficiency = %		
	Floor cooling	ΔT = °C Mass flow rate = m³/s Schedule = h		
DHW	Gas boiler	Independent heating and DHW: Power=kW Schedule = h Efficiency = % Centralized heating and independent DHW: kWh from gas meter Centralized heating and DHW: Water flow		
	Electric boiler	Power=kW Schedule = h Efficiency = %		
ELECTRICITY Electricity meter		kWh		





# **Monitoring approach**



### «level of monitoring» concept definition

Levels of monitoring	Building energy vectors			
Levels of monitoring	Thermal	Electrical		
BASIC (BL)	Utility bills	Utility bills		
MEDIUM (ML)	Metering / Utility bills	Metering / Utility bills		
ADVANCED (AL)	Sub-metering	Sub-metering		







# **Standard configuration**



## Cluster of six different building configuration







			ENERGY M	IONITORING		ENVIRON MONITO	MENTAL DRING	лKЗ
PILOT CONFIGURATION	MONITORING LEVEL	HEATING	COOLING	DOMESTIC HOT WATER	ELECTRICITY	INDOOR RH AND T	OUTOOR RH AND T	SUSTAINABLE
	ADVANCED LEVEL							Sep. 28 - Oct. 1, 2021   Rome, Italy
CONFIGURATION 3		3.a						
INDEPENDENT SYSTEMS: Cooling, DHW, Electricity		Sub-mi	Sub-metering (energy)	netering lergy)				
CENTRALIZED SYSTEMS: Heating		3.b	Metering (electricity)	Metering (gas)	Metering Metering (gas) (electricity)	Metering		
ELECTRICITY METER: Smart		(temperature + mass flow)						
CONFIGURATION 4								
INDEPENDENT SYSTEMS: Cooling, Electricity CENTRALIZED SYSTEMS: Heating, DHW		4.a Sub-metering (energy) 4.b	Metering (electricity)	Sub-metering (temperature + mass flow)	Metering (electricity)	Meteri	ng	
ELECTRICITY METER: Smart GAS METER: -		Sub-metering (temperature + mass flow)						
CONFIGURATION 5 INDEPENDENT SYSTEMS: DHW, Electricity CENTRALIZED SYSTEMS: Heating, Cooling ELECTRICITY METER: Smart GAS METER: Smart		Sub-metering (temperature + mass flow)	Sub-metering (temperature + mass flow)	Metering (gas)	Metering (electricity)	Meteri	ng	
CONFIGURATION 6 INDEPENDENT SYSTEMS: Electricity CENTRALIZED SYSTEMS: Heating, Cooling, DHW ELECTRICITY METER: Smart GAS METER: -		Sub-metering (temperature + mass flow)	Sub-metering (temperature + mass flow)	Sub-metering (temperature + mass flow)	Metering (electricity)	Meteri	ng	





# **Example of standard configuration**













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# **Evaluation of energy consumption**

#### SUSTAINABLE PLACES 2021 5928-Oct. 1.2021 Porce, Baly

## From final energy monitoring to primary energy calculation



\* Primary energy factors for energy carrier (electricity, district heating, district cooling, biofuel oli and gas)







# **Evaluation of energy consumption**



## From final energy monitoring to primary energy calculation







## Pilot recruitment across EU



- 1. France
- 2. Germany
- 3. Italy
- 4. Luxembourg
- 5. Slovakia
- 6. Spain



# **Demo site example in Italy (IT01)**



#### ITALY



#### Pilot n.: 73

#### ID: IT01

Location: 23900 Lecco

Type: Apartment in a multifamily building

Year of construction: 2012

Level of monitoring: Advanced

Configuration type: n.6







# **Demo site example in Italy (IT01)**





Cortile esterno di proprietà









# **IT01 – Electrical and thermal energy**





Smart meter for electricity









# LTM - configuration example for IT01





Type of monitoring: Advanced Level - Configuration 6





# Sensor's kit for energy monitoring



Energy vector	System	Sensors	
	Floor booting	Ultrasonic flow meter	e e
HEATING	Floor heating	Contact temperature sensor	<b>•</b>
COOLING	Floor cooling	Same sensors as heating	
рнм	Sharod gas boiler	Ultrasonic flow meter	8
DUM	Shared gas boller	Contact temperature sensor	
ELECTRICITY	Electricity smart meter	Pulse sensor for electrical meter	





# Sensor's kit for energy monitoring



	Sensors		
OUTDOOR	Outdoor temperature and relative humidity sensor		
INDOOR	Indoor temperature and relative humidity sensor		



A gateway is needed to collect and transfer all data.







# **Monitoring method**











# Thank you for your attention

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