

in interest

OST Ostschweizer

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TRI-HP PROJECT

Trigeneration systems based on heat pumps with natural refrigerants and multiple renewable sources

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TRI-generation systems

- Based on electrically driven natural refrigerant heat pumps (HPs) coupled with PV to provide heating, cooling and electricity to multi-family residential buildings
- Targets:
 - 80 % renewable on-site share with net-zero energy concept (20 % exchanged with the grid)
 - Cost reduction by 10 15 % compared to current HP technologies with same energetic efficiency
 - 75 % GHG emissions reductions respect to gas boiler and air chillers with grid purchased electricity.



www.tri-hp.eu



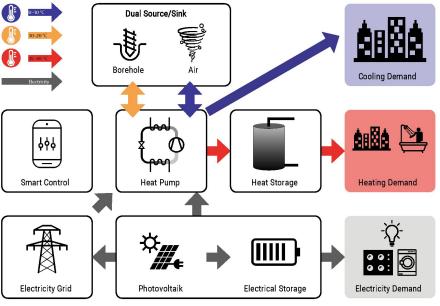


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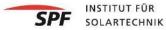
Dual source/sink system



- Source: ground and air
- Heating and cooling with reversible





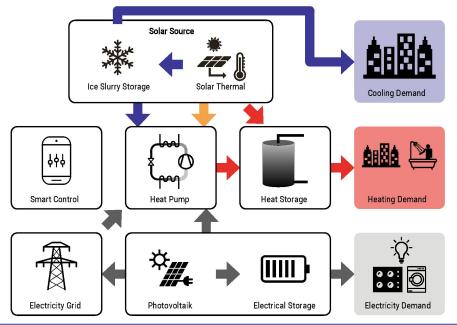


Solar-ice slurry system



TRI-HP

- Source: solar with ice slurry as intermediate storage medium
- Heating with cooling as add-on feature

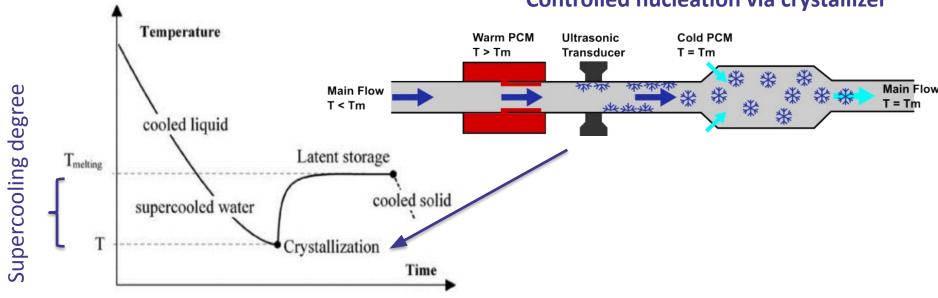






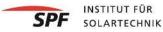


SUPERCOOLING ICE SLURRY WITH CONTROLLED NUCLEATION



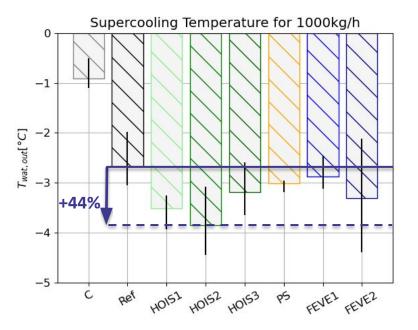






Results – Performance of icephobic surfaces

Supercooling Degree



- Up to 44 % improvement of icephobic coatings respect to untreated heat exchanger
- Heat exchangers were operated at half of its nominal mass flow rate due to laboratory set-up cooling limitations
 - supercooling is reduced when using nominal mass flow rates.
- Results published in "Development of supercoolers for ice slurry generators using icephobic coatings"
 - https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijrefrig.2022.07.011

Hybrid Organic-Inorganic Silane sol-gel (HOIS), PolySiloxane (PS), FluoroEthylene Vinyl Ether (FEVE)





Relevant results : HX innovation - Tri-partite gas cooler



- Approximation of water temperatures to the temperature profile of CO₂
- Very high thermal output
- Exclusively use of plate copper-brazed heat exchangers
- extremely compactly
- Simultaneous heating of heating and domestic hot water

Results published: "Heat transfer and pressure drop of supercritical CO2 in brazed plate heat exchangers of the tri-partite gas cooler" <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijheatmasstransfer.2021.121641</u>





Relevant results: Natural refrigerant heat pump - CO2



- Refrigerant R-744 (CO2)
- Power controlled, flooded evaporation, ejector tech
- Tri-partite gas cooler for simultaneous DHW and SH
- Supercooler as evaporator

Application:

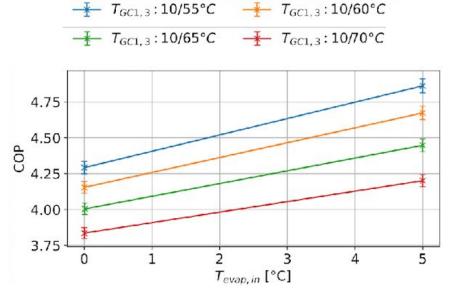
- Residential buildings with high DHW share
 - for mild/cold climates
- Solar Ice slurry system
- Some free cooling is available





Relevant results: Natural refrigerant heat pump - CO2

- Example of parallel mode : DHW and SH (30/35 °C)
- Power controlled, flooded evaporation, ejector tech



- Results at Tevap, in 0 °C supercooled water by 2 K with COP= 4 at 65 °C for DHW and 35 °C SH
- A propane slurry heat pump was also tested sucessfully
- Results published for propane slurry heat pump: "Residential heat pump for indoor installation operating with R-290 and ice-slurry heat-source" <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.18462/iir.gl2022.0039</u>





Relevant results: Natural refrigerant heat pump - dual source/sink



- Refrigerant R-290 (Propane)
- Power controlled, reversible
- Innovative dual source/sink heat exchanger
 - Use of brine and air
- High efficiency in heating and cooling mode

Application:

- Residential buildings with heating and cooling needs
- For mild/warm climates

Results published: "Dual source heat exchangers as evaporator/condenser in a R90 heat pump: Design and experimental validation", <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.18462/iir.gl2022.0011</u>

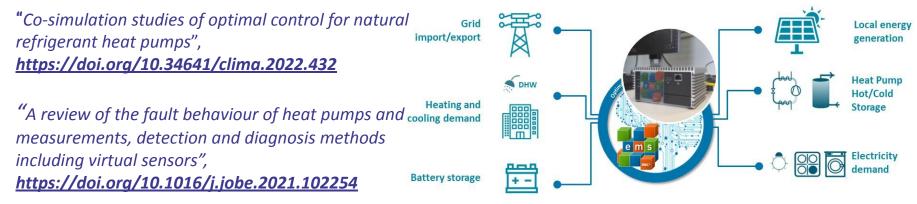
" Design and experimental validation of a R290 dual-source heat pump", <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.18462/iir.gl2022.0168</u>





Advanced Energy Management System (AEMS)

- Development of an optimal energy management algorithm to minimize the energy cost by up to 15 % and increase the share of renewables up to 80%
- Validation and assessment of the potential benefits of the AEMS by means of simulation and experiments covering different scenarios and conditions.
- The AEMS algorithm relies on models of the heat pumps and HVAC systems to determine their optimal operation over a 24 hours horizon in the future, using weather and occupancy forecasts for this purpose
- Results published:

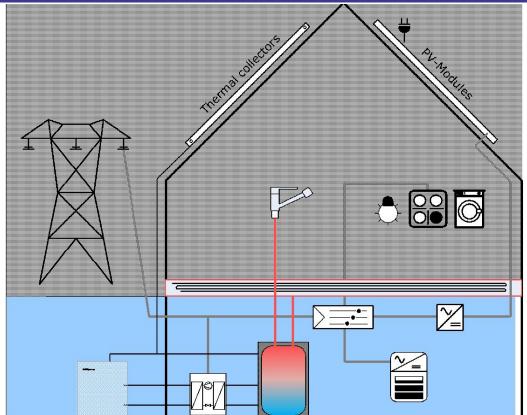






Hardware in the loop dynamic system test

- Concise Cycle test of 6 days representing all year
- Brings the TRL to 5
- Grey part is simulated/emulated
 - Demands, weather, solar thermal and PV
- Blue part is installed in the lab and tested as a whole
- Results published: "Concise cycle test methods to evaluate heating/cooling systems with multiple renewable sources", https://doi.org/10.34641/clima.2022.390



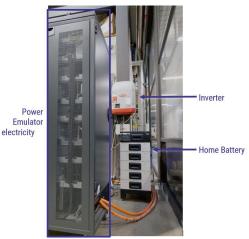


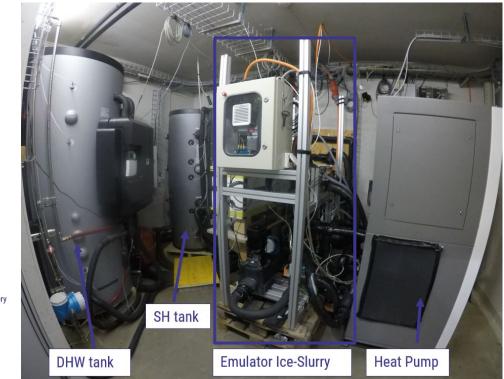
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Current test on the hardware in the loop dynamic system test

- System includes: battery, DHW and SH storages, CO2 heat pump, hydraulics, autonomous control
- Emulation of ice slurry tank, PV, solar thermal, DHE and SH demands











Technology Acceptance

- Understanding and improving stakeholder's acceptance
- Analyse and identify the interest and needs of key stakeholders
- Methods
 - Qualitative interviews with stakeholders (DE, CH, ES, NO)
 - Regional stakeholders workshops (DE, CH, ES, NO)



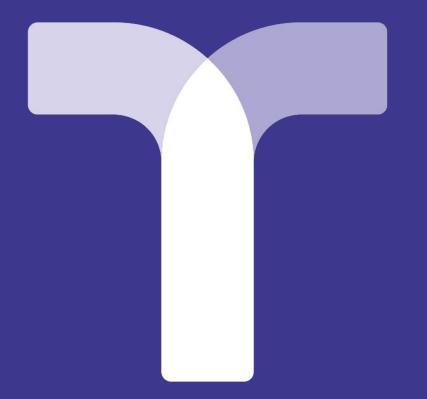


 Published Results : "Enhancing stakeholders' acceptance of trigeneration heating and cooling systems: Recommendations from the TRI-HP stakeholder process" https://doi:10.5281/zenodo.5500482.
 "Social acceptance of innovative renewable heating and cooling systems: Barriers, hindrances, drivers and incentives", https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.5500469









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www.tri-hp.eu https://zenodo.org/communities/tri-hp/



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