













Tools and Technologies for Thermal and Electric Grids towards Sector Coupling

SEP. 6TH - SEP 9TH, 2022 NICE, FRANCE

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OVERVIEW

- HYPERGRYD
- WEDISTRICT
- SUPERP2G
- HEATFlex
- MISSION





About the project – Quick facts



Hybrid Coupled Networks for Thermal- Electric Integrated Smart Energy Districts

Duration: October 2021 – March 2025 (42 months)

Call: H2020-LC-GD-2-1-2020 (Research and Innovation

action)

Partners: 19 partners from 7 countries

TRL: 4-6

Coordinator: ARCbcn. Francesco Milani

(f.milani@arcbcn.cat) & Angel Font (a.font@arcbcn.cat)

Website: : https://hypergryd.eu/





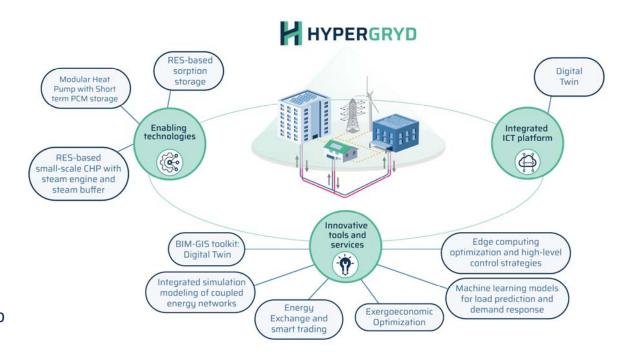
SECTOR COUPLING

Tools and Technologies for Thermal and Electric Grids towards Sector Coupling

Project Objectives



- Develop and integrate renewable-based solutions to empower the deployment of smart hybrid energy networks
- Optimize system design and operation
- Ensure flexibility and rapid deployment and guarantee robust and secure energy supply
- Enhance users' participation in the overall grid energy management
- Develop a single platform functioning as hub for hardware and tools testing





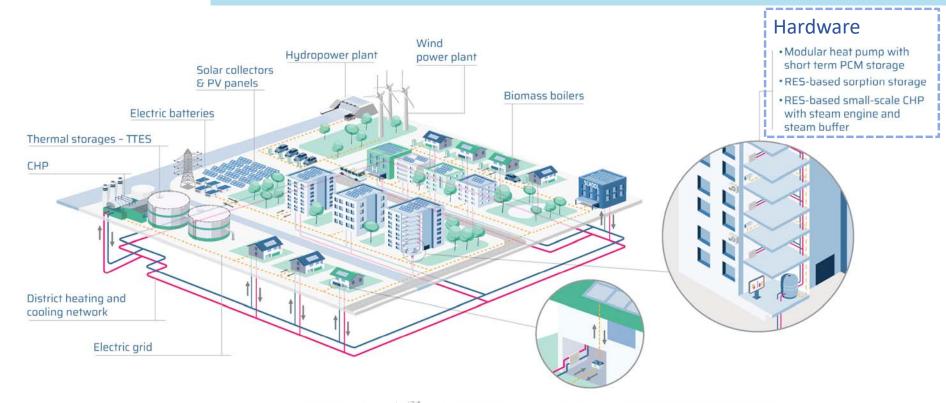


SECTOR COUPLING

Tools and Technologies for Thermal and Electric Grids towards Sector Coupling

Overall concept and hardware









SECTOR COUPLING

Tools and Technologies for Thermal and Electric Grids towards Sector Coupling

Overall concept and hardware





- Modular Heat Pump with short term PCM storage
 Bridge between electric and thermal worlds
- Heat and coof booster allowing lower temperature in the main DHC network
- Flexible operation: can be operated with surplus from renewables or external grid, following mengine and Thermal sto dynamic pricing model



- short term PCM storage RES-based sorption storage
- RES-based small-scale CHP



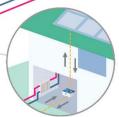
Sorption Storage

- Monthly to seasonal storage applications
- Can provide heating and cooling at both high and low temperatures
- Can provide grid flexibility (ex. by storing cold during summer in combination with the heat pump)



ng Micro-CHP with steam engine and steam buffer

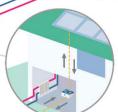
- Flexible operation
- Can be used in reversed mode





Tools and Technologies for Thermal and Electric Grids towards Sector Coupling

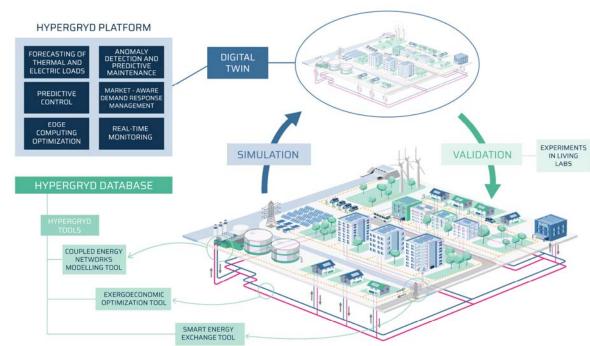




Tools and Services



- Dynamic simulation for the modeling of multi-carrier energy networks
- BIM-GIS-based digital twin of a district
- Exergoeconomic optimization
- Creation of local energy markets
- Machine learning models for load prediction and demand response
- Edge computing optimization and highlevel control strategies







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Tools and Technologies for Thermal and Electric Grids towards Sector Coupling

Demonstration



Turin (Italy) – ENVIPARK

LiL Type: Office District **Solution**: ENCO dynamic simulation tool and Digital

Twin



Jablonna (Poland) – KEZO Research Center

LiL Type: Laboratory and

office buildings

Solution: HP with PCM storage, sorption storage, algorithms for heat pump and DHC management



LiL Type: Biomass-based District

Heating System

Solution: GIS-BIM tool,

exergoeconomic model, dynamic simulation tool and local energy

marketplace





Bozen (Italy) - EURAC

LiL Type: Research Lab **Solution**: micro-CHP with steam engine and

steam buffer



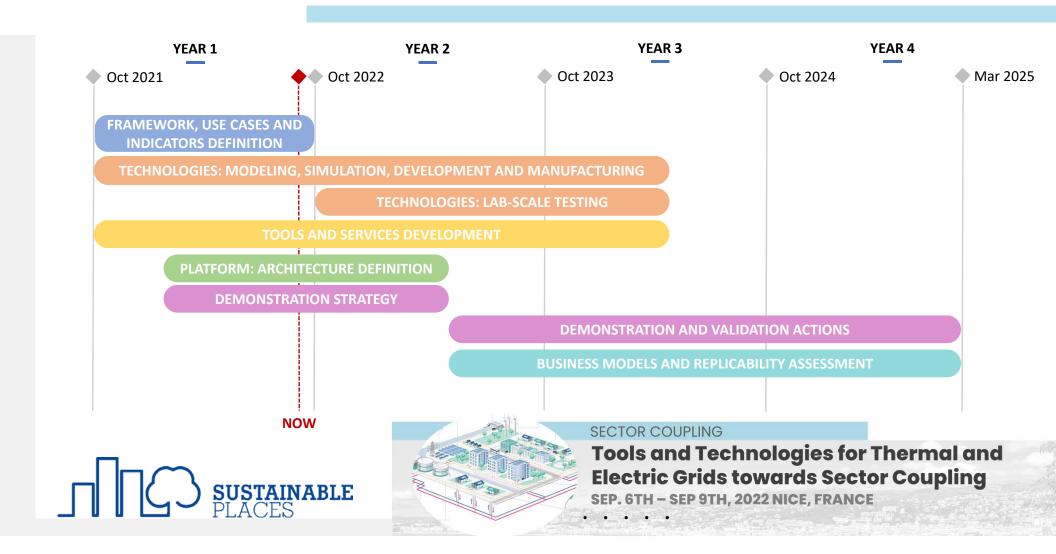
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Project Status



Main Challenges



Data availability/accessibility (consumption profiles). Data protection and privacy issues



HYPERGRYD Platform: architecture and common database definition



Lack of standards in sector coupling: connection/coupling procedures to DHC and low voltage networks



Supply of IoT components: delivery time for hardware components







Smart and local reneWable Energy DISTRICT









This project has received funding from the Eu



Bucharest demo-site

Sustainable Places 2022, 8th September 2022

WEDISTRICT

Context

Heating and cooling of buildings in EU accounts for 50% of total energy consumption.

70% of this energy is generated from fossil fuels.

Objectives

The overall objective of the project is to demonstrate district heating and cooling (DHC) as integrated solutions that exploit the combination of

- · renewable energy sources,
- · thermal storage and
- · waste heat recycling technologies

to satisfy 100% of the heating and cooling energy demand in new DHC and up to 60-100% in retrofitted DHC.



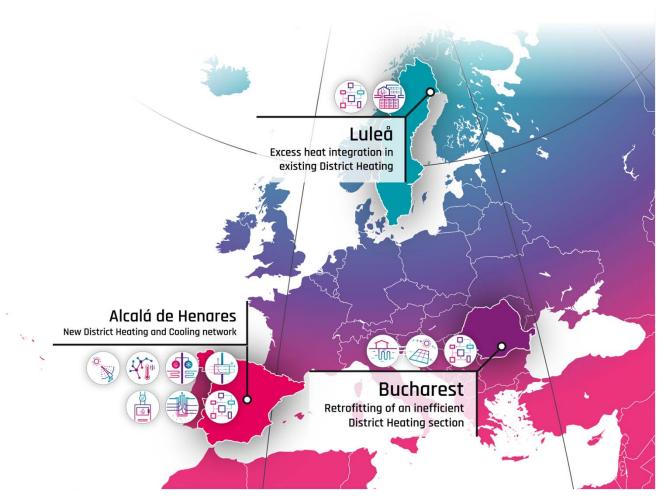


Start:

Oct. 2019











Smart and local reneWable Energy DISTRICT heating and cooling solutions for sustainable living



Location of Bucharest demo-site – UPB Campus

Target Building – RES Laboratory









Objectives of UPB Demo

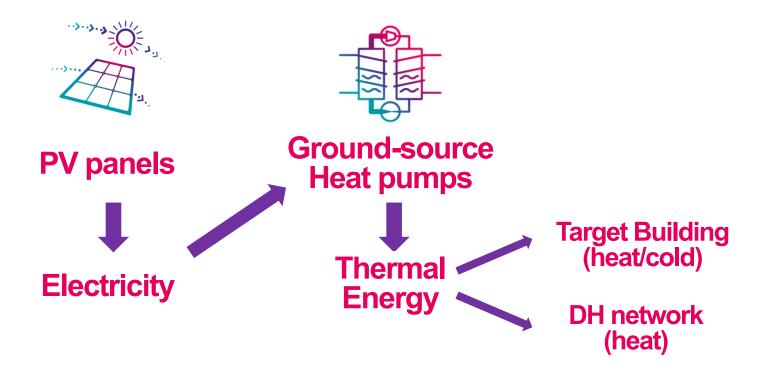
- generate three forms of energy (electricity, heat and cold) based on a hybrid renewable energy source (geothermal and solar);
- the electricity produced to cover at least the consumption of the thermal energy generation unit (on a yearly basis);
- fully cover the heating and cooling demand for the Target Building using thermal energy produced from 100% renewable energy sources;
- reintegration of the Target Building into the UPB heat distribution network to inject the overproduction of heat;
- develop a modular concept that will ease the process of replication and scaling.







Geothermal-PV hybridization concept





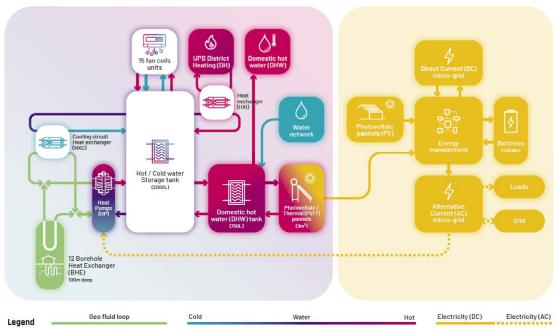




Description of Bucharest demosite

Thermal subsystem

Electrical subsystem



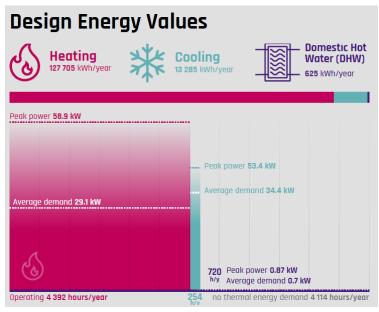
- Hybridization: geothermal PV
- 2 interconected subsystems: thermal & electrical
- Electrical energy production to cover the consumption of the thermal subsystem, on a yearly basis
- · Overproduction of heat produced from RES injected into DH
- Zero CO₂ emissions at demo-site level











Thermal subsystem

Master ground-to-water heat pump with 42.3 kW heating and 33.6 kW cooling
Slave ground-to-water heat pump with 20.5 kW heating and 16.2 kW cooling

12 boreholes heat exchangers (BHE): 100m depth

Thermal Energy Storage (TES) tank (Hot Water / Cold Water) of 2000L

Domestic Hot Water tank of 750L

with instant Domestic Hot Water (DHW) production capability

Photovoltaic/Thermal (PV/T) panels (3 m²)

15 Fan coil units to deliver thermal energy in Target Building (TB)



Electrical subsystem

Total photovoltaic (PV) installed power: 66 kW

Total electrical energy storage (batteries): 43kWh

Two subnets

Technological variety



Smart and local reneWable Energy DISTRICT heating and cooling solutions for sustainable living



Equipment deployment areas







Smart and local reneWable Energy DISTRICT heating and cooling solutions for sustainable living

Thermal Subsystem installation

Borehole Heat Exchanger (BHE)















This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement N°857801



Smart and local reneWable Energy DISTRICT heating and cooling solutions for sustainable living



Thermal Subsystem installation

Heat Pump system









Smart and local reneWable Energy DISTRICT heating and cooling solutions for sustainable living



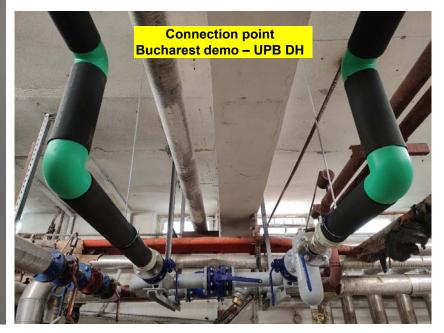
Thermal Subsystem installation

Heat Pump system



Heat injection into local DH

Heat distribution in Target Building







Smart and local reneWable Energy DISTRICT heating and cooling solutions for sustainable living

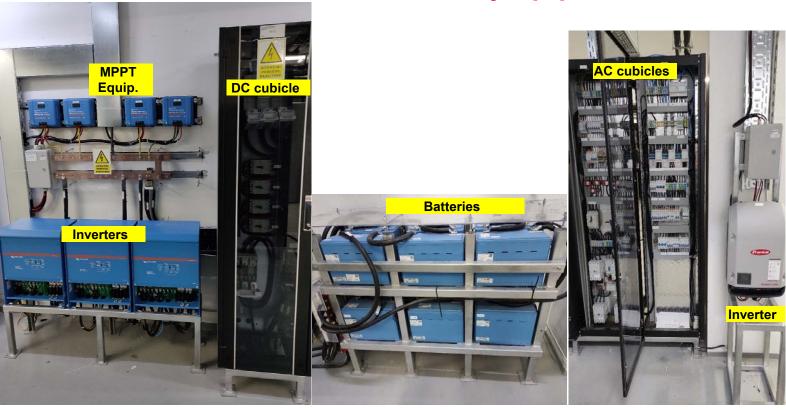




Smart and local reneWable Energy DISTRICT heating and cooling solutions for sustainable living



Batteries, invertors, convertors and auxiliary equipment





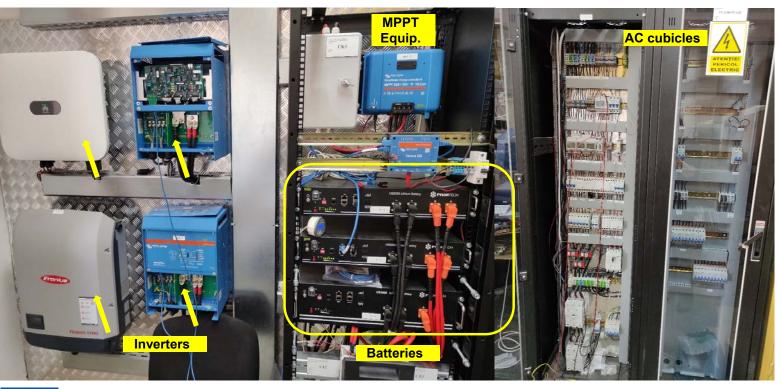


Smart and local reneWable Energy DISTRICT heating and cooling solutions for sustainable living



Electrical Subsystem – technical room (El building)

Batteries, invertors, convertors and auxiliary equipment







Smart and local reneWable Energy DISTRICT heating and cooling solutions for sustainable living



SCADA interface - PV production & HP consumption (early version)

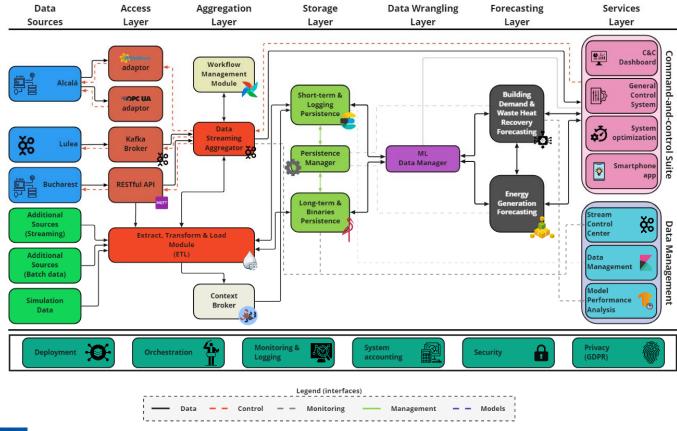




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Advanced Digitalization Platform (v2)







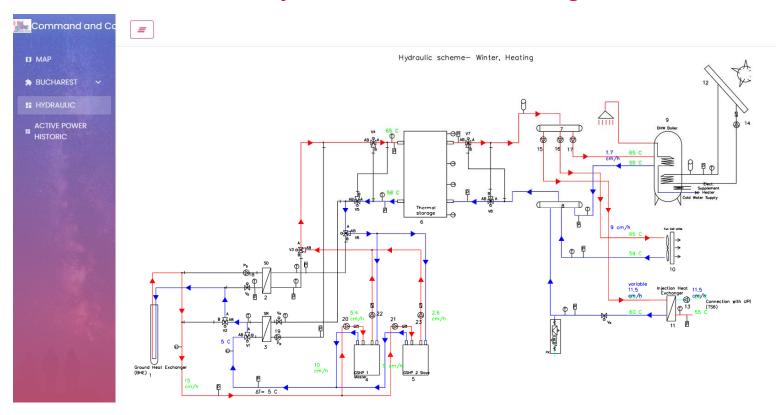
Command-and-Control Suite main features







CC-Suite Hydraulic Real Time Diagram

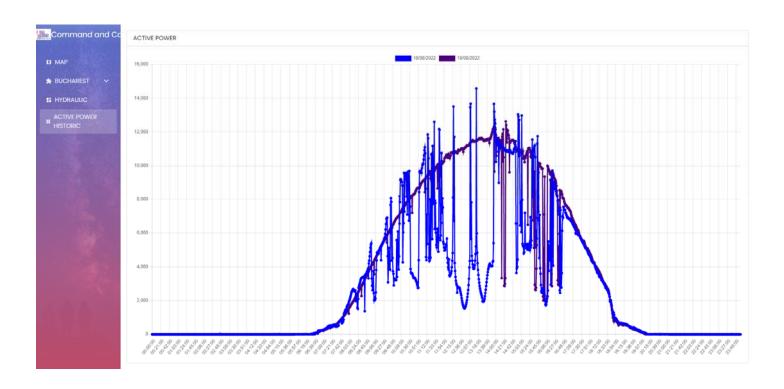








CC-Suite Active Power Historic









WEDISTRICT Partners

























AALBORG CSP

- Changing Energy









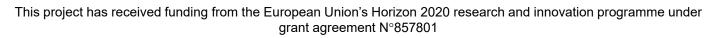














Smart and local reneWable Energy DISTRICT



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This project has received funding from the Eu





SuperP2G - Synergies Utilising renewable Power REgionally by means of Power To Gas

Thursday, September 8th, 2022 | Sustainable Places | Tools and Technologies for Hybrid Thermal and Electric Grids towards Sector Coupling

Hans Rasmusson Sectetery General, ERIG





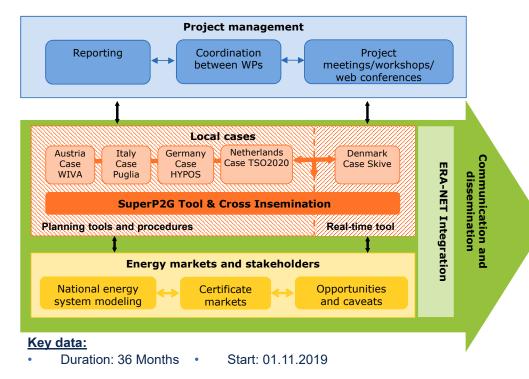
This project has received funding in the framework of the joint programming initiative ERA-Net Smart Energy Systems' focus initiative integrated, Regional Energy Systems, with support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 775970

SuperP2G - Synergies Utilising renewable Power REgionally by means of Power-To-Gas



The Project at a glance

- SuperP2G interconnects leading P2G initiatives in five countries, ensuring joint learning.
- Each national project focuses on different challenges, where researchers team up with local need-owners to co-create solutions.
- SuperP2G focuses on improving existing evaluation tools including open access, as well as develop a new open tool based on the "OptiFlow" and "H2IndexII" tools.
- This is supplemented with analysis of regulation and markets, as well as stakeholder involvement.



Research partners:

 Denmark: DTU ME, DTU Elektro, GreenLab Skive

Austria: JKU Linz

Germany: DBI-GTI, DVGW-EBI

Italy: CNR, Uni Bologna Netherlands: RUG-

Europe: ERIG

The national Cases – Each case has different focus

Green



Netherlands Case - TSO2020

contribute to the realisation of societal objectives in the field of climate policy by exploring the economic conditions and potentials of hydrogen supply chains Production, Transport, Storage, Distribution, Trade, Consumption thereby giving in-depth insight to stakeholders on the costs and benefits of several options to design such a system

Germany Case - HYPOS

improve existing tools "H2Index II" and "EcoMeth" for H2-Prize analysis and optimal location of P2G value chains suitable for the regional development considering future H2-Demand and process engineering and design of P2G-plants, tailored to fit the specific application and circumstance

Denmark Case - GreenLab Skive

make it possible for local multi-energy carrier-based business park to manage multiple value streams in real time as well as optimise the infrastructure set-up in a feasible way

Austria Case – WIVA P&G

promote regional integration of renewable energy across energy vectors by providing a methodology for assessing future demand for renewable H2 and SNG for the industry, including aspects of cost development based on existing tools of "MOVE", "Collect", "Prestige"

Italy Case - Puglia

allow for national regional smart energy systems and sectoral integration evaluation including P2G by providing a national database for dynamic power production info and hydrogen demand based on public available data added with own results of analysis and laboratory tests

Overarching energy markets and stakeholders overview complement the national cases



has the objective to...

facilitate commercialization of P2G projects through improved markets, regulation and stakeholder involvement

The goal is to...

- gather best practice results from national projects with regard to technology, goods and services and stakeholder/adoption.
- These inputs, together with inputs from need-owners, such as the affiliated TSO's and DSO's, feed into the analysis of <u>regulation</u> and markets, including the <u>green gas certificate market</u> and the game theory analysis.
- It also feeds into the national energy system modelling, which is used for assessing the future potentials for P2G in the different countries.



- Updating and expanding Balmorel to cover all countries
- Collecting data input for Modelling
- Modelling socio-economic P2G potentials in all countries
- Modelling market and regulation scenarios
 - Study on potentials for trans-border Green certificate markets
 - Develop models for the integration of a hydrogen certificate market
 - Green hydrogen certificates
 - Transfer the models to certificate scenarios for the modelling
 - Collect the renewable gas regulation parameters in the project partner countries
 - Assembly data for modelling of P2G systems in respective country
 - Game theoretic study to identify regulatory caveats and profit allocation



Intermediate results from JKU-Linz on future demand of installed PtGas capacity

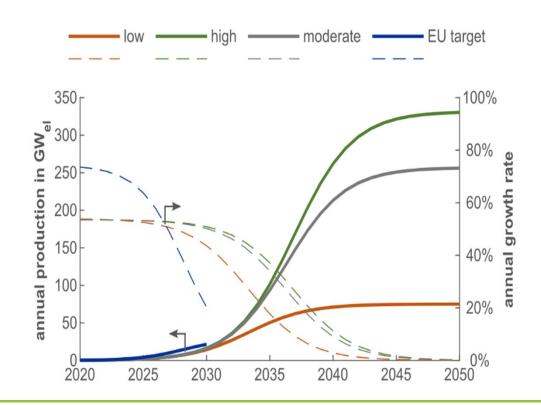


Global need for PtG as H2 or CH4

- H2 demand for chemical industry (primary ammonia and methanol synthesis) approx.
 3781 TWh/a
- Demand for direct reduction in steel production around 1851-2639 TWh/a
- Global potential for PtG storage capacities up to 2,360 GWel

Scenario	Electrolysis capacity in GW _{el}	Methanation capacity in GW _{SNG}	Notes
Low	1,310	0	 PtH₂ for chemical industry (ammonia, refinery, methanol synthesis) only No PtM
Moderate	3,670	280	 PtH₂ for chemical industry PtM with intermediate H₂ storage
High	4,530	1,360	 PtH₂ for chemical & steel industry PtM without intermediate H₂ storage

Annual Production and Growth Rates for Electrolysis



JKU-Linz projection of potential cost reduction of PtGas technology



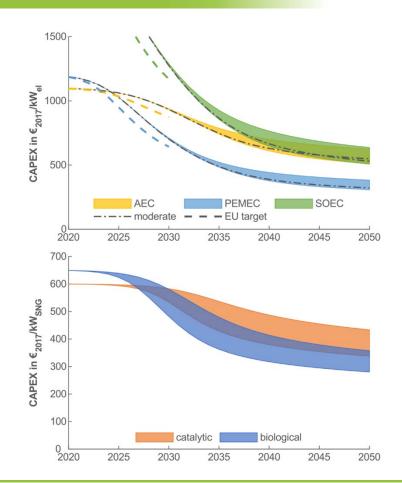
Results obtained with the tool "CoLLeCT"

Electrolysis:

- Only minor short term cost reductions expected for alkaline electrolysis
- PEM electrolysis can undercut alkaline technology costs permanently in the short and medium term
- HT electrolysis is (related to input capacity) only competitive in long-term considerations

Methanation:

- In the long term higher reduction potentials are expected for biological methanation
- Altogether, both technologies (catalytic & biological) are on a similar cost level over the whole observation period
- Aligned to cost data from recent implementation projects (Store&GO; 3 different plants)



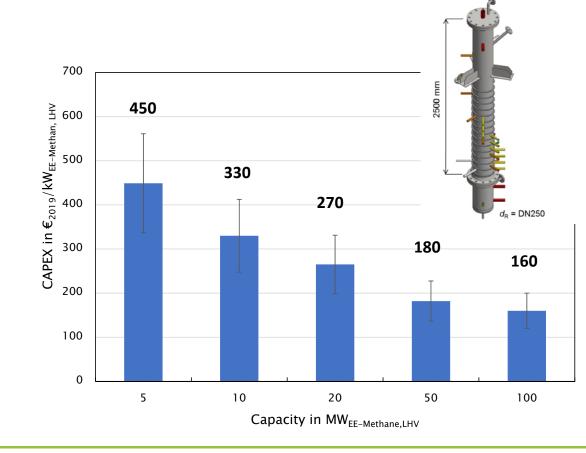
Results at DVGW-EBI indicates better performance at similar costs with emerging methanation technologies



Energy Lab 3PM-Reaktor

Three Phase Methanation Technology

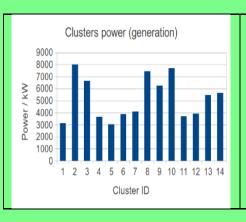
- High dynamic operation possible
- High thermal conductivity due to the liquid phase → Avoidance of hot spot formation → catalyst deactivation is avoided
- Technical and economic evaluation of a three-phase-methanation (3PM) reactor on the basis of the demo plant at KIT Energy Lab 2.0
- Data included into the EcoMeth Tool
- CAPEX cost for a 5 MW plant are 330
 €/kWLHV with regard to methane output
- CAPEX could be reduced to 160 €/kWLHV for large scale plants

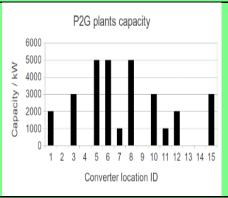


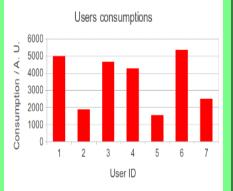
Many of the tools in SuperP2G has been applied in the Italian case in Puglia – an Italian SuperP2G-tool developed by CNR-ITAE

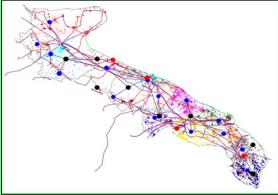






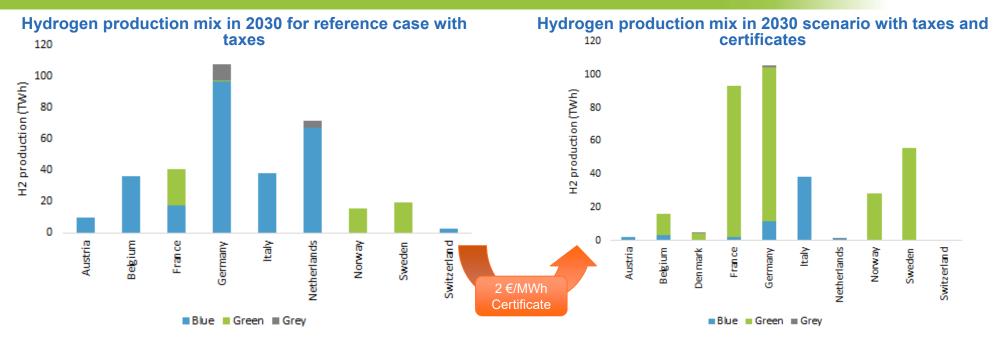






Results of the analysis on certificate prices for green H2 and its effect on the corresponding demand by DTU MAN





- Germany has the highest production followed by the Netherlands.
- Imposing the environmental tax on grey H2 while exempting the blue hydrogen will make blue H2 competitive in 2030.
- Green H2 is produced in countries with relative lower electricity prices.

- Norway, Sweden and Denmark producing only green H2.
- Italy, Austria and the Netherlands maintain blue H2 dominance.
- Italy assumptions for electricity costs are forcing the blue H2 to be competitive vs the green H2

Main challenges encountered during SuperP2G



For the implementation of PtGas

Supply-side barriers:

Still high LCOE and investments

Demand-side barriers:

Renewable fuel consumers, missing promoting schemes

Regulatory barriers:

Renewable fuel certification

Infrastructural barriers:

Transport of hydrogen

Modelling and tool development

Poor availability of data:

- · from the industry e.g. demand of resources
 - difficulties in estimating local hydrogen demand in automotive and industrial sectors
- from previous studies (results published, but not with datasets)

Availability of tools:

too much choices with poor distinction

Remaining Timeline of the Project



Denmark: Finalize modelling of socioeconomic potential of hydrogen production

in EU

Netherlands: Publication of final results and scientific papers concerning P2G and

November

flexibility

October

Germany: H2 Index III developed Finalizing modelling of markets and regulation

regulation

February

SP2G Tool calculations and final testing

March

Austria: Future H2/SNG demand &	Italy: Simplified tool for green		Final Report
cost development	hydrogen potential and P2G planning for local energy systems		Final SP2G Event on
National Workshops in the			European Level

January

December

Denmark: Results from GLS

Netherlands and **Germany**

application

September

www.SuperP2G.eu
LinkedIn: Showcase/superp2geu



Thank you!

Disclaimer

The content and views expressed in this material are those of of the ERA-Net SES initiative. Any reference given does not necessarily imply the endorsement by ERA-Net SES.

About ERA-Net Smart Energy Systems | www.eranet-smartenergysystems.eu

RDD projects, developing technologies and solutions in thematic areas like smart power grids, integrated regional and local energy systems, heating and cooling networks, digital energy and smart services, etc.



















Hans Rasmusson Sectetery General, ERIG





Energy Systems' focus initiative integrated, Regional Energy Systems, with support from the innovation programme under grant agreement No

@HEATflex

- Duration: 05.2019 04.2022 (36 month)
- ERA-NET SES RegSys 1st Joint Call
- Lead: Plan Energi (DK)
- Projectpartners:
 - 4ward Energy Research GmbH (AT)
 - Reiterer & Scherling GmbH (AT)
 - Güssing Energy Technologies GmbH (AT)
 - Regelungs- und Verteilerbau GmbH (AT)
 - Energy Cluster Denmark (DK)
 - Viborg Fjernvarme (DK)





Smart





















SECTOR COUPLING

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Main relevant output:

- HEATflexcel Production Tool A tool for estimating the (positive) effects of integrating waste heat,
 sector coupling and renewable energy sources into heating networks
- **HEATflexcel Grid Tool** A tool for calculating the effects that can be achieved by reducing network temperatures and other measures in heat networks
- HEATflex Toolbox A toolbox developed in the project for technical/economical integration, business cases and roadmaps





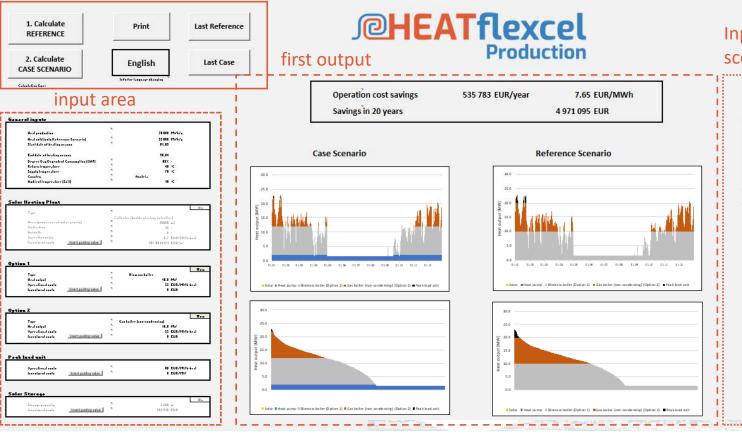




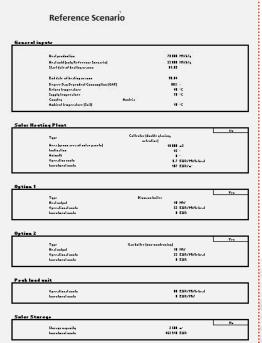
What is HEATflexcel Production?

Free to download and 'how to use' video: https://www.heatflex.dk

Buttons to run the calculations



Inputs of the last reference scenario





Sales of heat per year 50 000 MWh/y Fixed costs 1 000 000 EUR/y Supply temperature 60 °C Production of heat per year 62 000 MWh/v Return temperature Fuel cost 35 FUR/MWh 12 000 MWh/y 10 °C 25 EUR/MWh Soil temperature Loss of heat per year Service costs oss of heat in % 19% 4 720 000 EUR/y Total costs 5 050 000 EUR/v Revenue 3% Interest rate Grid data Revenue data Results 350 EUR/consumer/y ength, servicelines (channel m) 25 000 m Fixed cost tariff per customer 0 EUR/m2/v 330 000 EUR/v Length, grid (channel m) 30 000 m Fixed cost tariff per square meter leatloss, service lines 14.0 W/m Energy tariff 80 EUR/MWh 3 000 Pieces Profit (20 years) 5 239 567 EUR leatloss, service lines 3 066 MWh/v Number of consumers Heated floor area 390 000 m2 8 934 MWh/v leatloss, grid in streets

Average cost

Temperatures in the grid and soil

HEATflexcel Grid Tool

- Excel based
- No detailed grid simulation
- Free and easy to use, e.g. for grid operators
- Make quick (economic) statements about improvements (decision support)

leatloss, grid in streets

Current situation, energy

Baseline

Changes and additions possible





34 W/m

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1 683 EUR/building

Financial Accounting



Scenario A; Effect of lower temperatures in grid							
Reduction of supply temperature	0,5	°C per year	Minimum supply temperature	70	°C	Results	
Investments on cooling	50 000	EUR/y	Minimum return temperature	45	°C	Profit (20 years)	5 557 737 EUR
Decrease return temperatur	0,3	°C per year				Improvement in relation to the baseline	
More efficient production units	0,2%	per degrees lo	wer flow temp.			Savings (20 years)	318 170 EUR
More efficient production units	0,2%	0,2% per degrees lower return temp.					

HEATflexcel Grid Tool

- Input for the baseline
- Effects of lowering grid temperatures
- Effects on refurbish of the grid
- Densification and network expansion
- Decentralized producers and prosumers







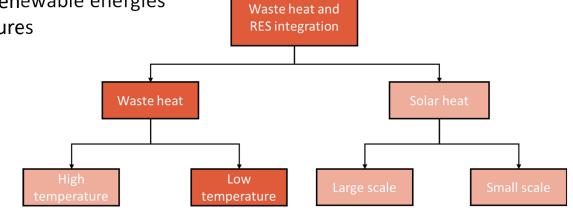
Roadmap

Roadmap 1: Feed-in of waste heat and renewable energies

Roadmap 2: Reduction of grid temperatures

Roadmap 3: Flexibility measures

Link: https://heatflex.dk/toolbox/







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Roadmap	0
Technical aspects	•
Regulative/legal aspects (incl. safety aspects)	•
Calculation models/tools	0
Business cases	•

Link: https://heatflex.dk/toolbox/





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Francesco Sergi

Senior researcher Institute of Advanced Energy Technologies «Nicola Giordano» National Research Council of Italy







Department of Engineering, ICT and Technology for Energy and Transport (DIITET)







Paris agreement at COP 21







Mission Innovation ITALY

three years projects:

- ☐ SMART GRIDS
- □ HYDROGEN
- □ ADVANCED MATERIALS

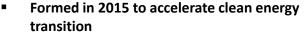






Mission Innovation SMART GRID

MISSION - Multivector Integrated Smart Systems and Intelligent microgrids for accelerating the energy transitiON



- 23 countries + EU
- Doubling R&I investment in clean energy by 2021
- Facilitating greater private sector engagement in clean energy





SECTOR COUPLING

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A lower level of attention was placed, in the last decade, on thermal networks and the area of integrated multi-vector (thermal-electrical-gas) energy networks was even less explored.



The final goal of this project is the study, <u>advanced design and implementation of</u> <u>technological solutions that enable the transition of networks towards integrated and smart multi-energy distribution systems.</u>



➤ To develop **two smart grid demonstrators** - microgrid size and full scale - located, respectively, at the CR ENEA in Portici (Smart Energy Microgrid ENEA) and the RSE offices in Milan and Piacenza (Extension multi-energy of the Distributed Energy Resources Test Facility RSE).



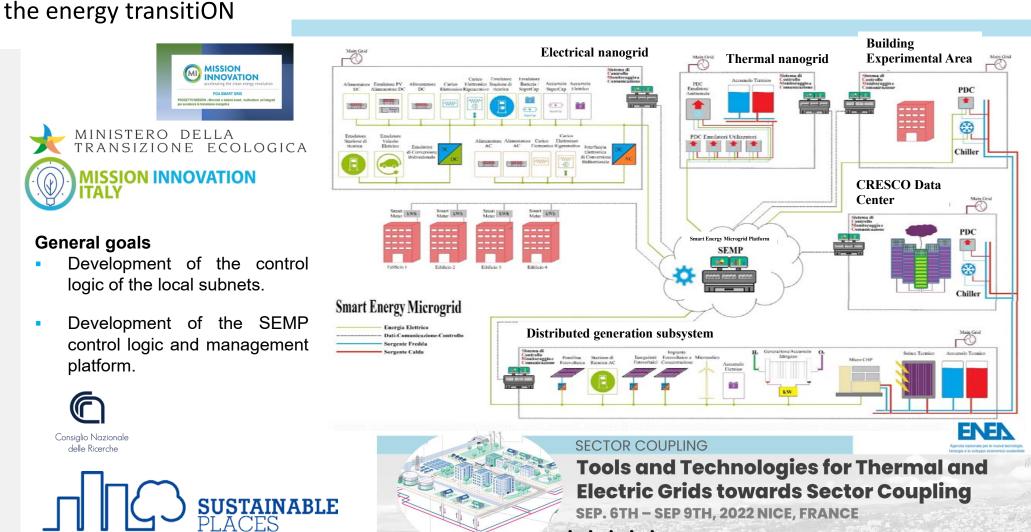
With a view to scalability and replicability, the demonstrators will be designed and built up with a modular approach, i.e. they will consist of smart subnets - nano and / or micro-sized - operating independently or interconnected.



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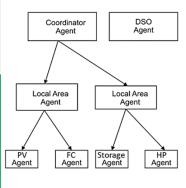
MISSION - Multivector Integrated Smart Systems and Intelligent microgrids for accelerating



MISSION - Multivector Integrated Smart Systems and Intelligent microgrids for accelerating

the energy transitiON





controller

SMSC

Network layer (SEMP) - interface with external entity (DSO, TSO, other): implementation of protocols currently used

Infrastructure level (SEMP / SCMC) - coordination between the individual sub-networks:

- Definition of metrics for energy enhancement
- Identification of priority objectives

Plant level (SCMC / OT Controller) - distribution of flows within the sub-network:

- Definition of specific cost functions for the technologies present
- Measurement / monitoring of local energy quantities

Specific goals

delle Ricerche

- Development of a flexible control architecture, capable of experimenting both cooperative and competitive logics
- Micro-grid approach of a single user vs microgrid consisting of several users
- Management of internal resources for the provision of services to the electricity system and to pursue objectives on the prosumer side



SECTOR COUPLING

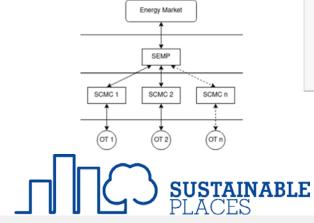
Tools and Technologies for Thermal and Electric Grids towards Sector Coupling

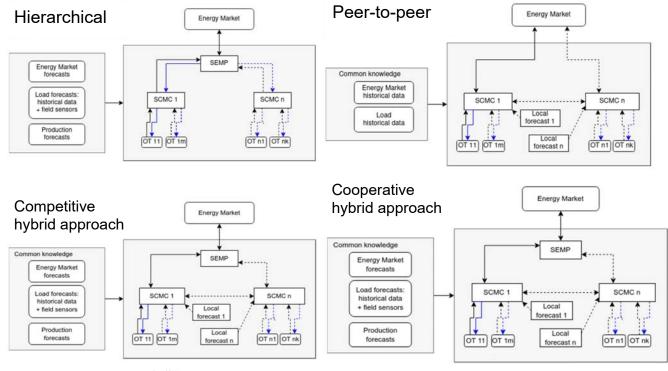




First achievement:

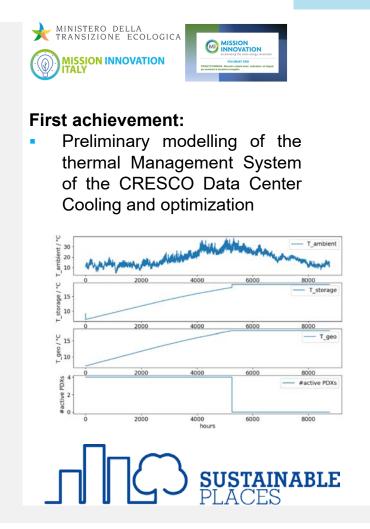
- Assessment of the different logic architectures to be considered during the experimentation
- Analyse of the state of the art of sub-components energy modelling

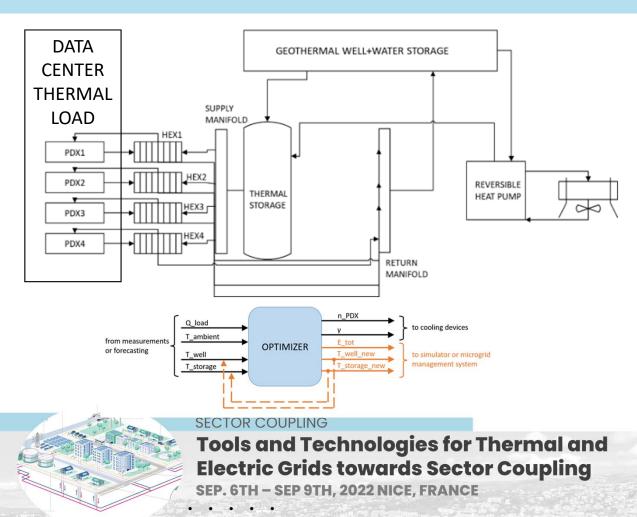




SECTOR COUPLING

Tools and Technologies for Thermal and **Electric Grids towards Sector Coupling**









NEXT STEPS

- To develop a complete modelling of the entire microgrid simulating market operation in the different logic architectures
- To design the whole control and communication system, enabling the operation of the different energy vectors and sub-nets
- To implement demand response services through the aggregation of distributed resources (two demos working in aggregated mode)









Many thanks for your attention!

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